To his Grace His Majesties high Commisflioner, and the right honourable Estates of Parliament.

Archibald Earl of Argyle, as also Colin Campbell of Blythswood, Robert Campbell of Silvercraigs, and Colin Campbel late Baillie of Inverary, for themselves, and in Name of the Creditors of the deceast Marquiss of Argyle Grand-Father to the said Earl.

Humbly Sheweth,

in Standard

Hat where the deceast Archibald Marquissof Argyle was in the year 1661 Arraigned, Condemned, Foreseited, and put to Death by the Parliament then sitting, for no greater Crime than a few Deeds of Complyance with the English Usurpers, after the whole Nation had submitted, and in a manner acknowledged their Usurpation, and were also involved in the same, or the like Deeds; So that even the most part of the Members of the said Parliament, were in the same or no better case: Whereby it is manifest, that a greater hardship upon such a person, and upon such an Ancient, Noble and Loyal Family, which he had the honour to represent, can hardly be instance ced: And yet not only was the said Sentence pronounced and severely execute upon his person, but thereafter his whole Estate was gifted and disposed upon to Donators; And tho throw his Majesties then Clemency, some Consideration was had of the late Earl Son to the Marquis, and of the real Creditors and others to whom he was ingaged, yet the great part of the Marquiss his Estate, viz. his Rights and Interests in the Estate of Huntly was gifted to the Marquiss of Huntly now Duke of Gordon, and Earl of Aboyn, without any Burden of the Debt of that Family, either of what was due to the Marquils of Argyle himself, or of what he had been obliged to satisfy and acquire Right to, by taking the said Debt upon himself; but on the contrary all these Creditors of the Marquiss of Huntly, who had become Creditors to the Marquiss of Argyle in manner toresaid, were utterly frustrat and cut off, save that perhaps a few of them that had got real Securities from the Marquiss of Argyle out of his own Estate, or to whom the late Earl of Argyle his Son had become personally ingaged, were left a Burden upon the Estate of Argyle.

By all which, it is manifest, that not only your Petitioner the now Earl of Argyle, but also the foresaids Creditors that coucur with him, have good and undoubted Right to quarrel the foresaid Sentence of Foresaulture, and to obtain the same to be Reduced, Rescinded, and Declared void institution, as given and pronounced to their most enorm hurt and lesion; specially seing that by the 18 Act of the second Session of this current parliament, Intituled Act rescinding Forseitures, it is Declared, that the foresaid Act is without prejudice of any who have been foreseited at any time in the Reign of King Ch. the 2d. to bring in their processes or particular Acts before the Parliament;

and

nd to crave and receive Redreffes according to the merit of their Causes. As likeways, that not only the laid Marquis of Argyle was Execute, and is dead, and no more in need or capacity for a Remission, and the Earl your Petitioner duly rehabilitat, but that the faid Creditors did protest before the passing of the said Doom of Foreseiture against the Marquis, that the same might be of no prejudice to their respective Debts and Interests: And that this Reduction is now crayed before this high and Soveraign Court of Parliament, and that as well for acquitting the Memory of the deceast Marquis of the Crimes then Libelled against him, as for rescinding and making void the foresaid Sentence of Foreseiture, and all that hath thereon ensued; Likeas in effect throw the most righteous Providence of GOD, it hath so happened that the foresaid Sentence is not more groundless than the whole Proces, and all the steps thereof are informal, illegal and unwarrantable, as may plainly appear from these Reasons of Reduction following, and not comention Exceptions of lesmoment, such as that the very Execution of the Inditement of Treason exhibit against the deceast Marquis, doth not bear to have been performed by a Herauld or Pursevant with Coat displayed and Sound of Trumper as the Law and Act of Parliament exprelly appoint,

Our first Reason of Reduction is, that there was no Warrand for giving of the said Inditement, nor was the Inditement it said signed by his Majesties Advocat, albeit this be the constant and necessary Form in all Inditements of

this Nature.

2. Throw the whole Proces there is not an subscribed Interloquitor or Signature of Proces, either by the Lord Chancellor or President of Parliaments but all that appears to have been done is, that upon the Margin of the Marquis his Defences, there are a few unsubscribed Signatures set down by a Clerk or his Servants.

3. There was no Execution against the Witnesses, so that in Law they are

all to be held Spontaneous and insufficient.

4. The Depositions of these Witnesses such as they are, could never make a probative Evidence; Because, first there is not one of them subscribed by both the Witnes, deponing and the Lord Chancellor or president, but some of them are subscribed only by the Deponent, and others only by the President; But yet do not bear that the Deponent could not Writ: And 21y, All or the most part of these Depositions want the necessary and only astringent

Clause in an Oath, viz. So help me God, or as I shall answer to God.

5. There were fix Letters produced against the Marquis, sour of them said to be his own hand, and two of them by other hands, but subscribed by him, and there is a Minut of proces, that they were made use of and softained as proofs, and yet there is no Signature bearing that either they were proven to be the Marquises Letters, or that he himself had owned them as such: And all that appears, was, that upon one of the Letters said to be writ by the Marquiss, a Clerk or his Servant hath marked these Words, This Letter is acknowledged by the Marquiss of Argyle, but neither is this acknowledgment signed by the Marquiss, nor are any of these six Letters marked as produced either by the president or Clerk, as is the ordinary and necessary practice in such cases, and was so practised in the late Earl of Argyles proces before the same Parliament, wherein the Earls Letter to my Lord Duffus produced against him, was marked by order of Parliament, both by the Earl and by the Lord Chancellor subscribing the Signature of his a knowledgement, and without such marking it most certain, no Writ produced in any such proces can be probative. 61/s.

6. There is no subscribed Sentence, nor subscribed Warrand for any Sentence, nor indeed was there ever any such Sentence or Warrand, which is so substantial a desect, that it may justly be wondred how this Procescame co be concluded, and much more that any Execution followed upon it; For all that ever was in the Proces, is only the Scroll of a Sentence, very ill Written, by an unknown Hand, in three or four Sheets, not so much as ever battered or joined, far less Subscribed: and which is yet more wonderful, that the the Marquis was Execute to Death, yet never any DeadWarrand was or could be found either in the Records of Parliament, or of the Town of Edinburgh, the true reason whereof was that the Marquis was brought from the Castle of Famburgh, where he was Priloner, and lifted before the Parliament on the Thur, day, where the forelaid fix Letters were by way of Surprise produced against him, and Sentence almost given upon them, without allowing him to see, but he having obtained to see till the next day, he was from the Bar lent to the Tolbooth of Edinlurgh; and then being brought to the Bar the next day, being Friday, without more ado the Sentence and Doom of Death and Foretaulture was pronounced against him, to be execute on the Munday thereafter, being the 27 of May, without farder delay: Whereupon the faid Sentence was actually execute without any subscribed Sentence or Warrand; and the pre-ended Sentence being long, and not written out before his Death, came thereby never to be figued, to the just astonishment of all thinking men, since to great a man fell without so much as a subscribed Warrand: Whereas in the same Session of Parliament, the Sentence of Foretaulture against Mr. Fames Guthrie and Captain Govan, who were execute the first of June thereaster, are both found to be duly Subscribed.

7. The foresaid Doomand Sentence of Foresaulture ought to be reduced, and the Marquess his Memory for ever acquit of the Crimes charged against him; Because it is most certain, that albeit a few Deeds of complyance with the English Usurpers were proven against him, yet as the said Complyance was epidemick and general and circumstantiat as said is, it might well have become the soveraign Justice and Equity of a Parliament, to have at least

mitigat the punishment.

But that which is yet of greater Weight and Moment in this matter is, that it is very certain and evident even from the Scroll of the Sentence, that the great, if not the only cause of his Death and Foresaulture, were the first ten Articles of his Libel, of matters that had hapned before the English Usurpation, which yet were really such as even that Parliament could not make Crimes, but did only find to be Aggravations; Whereas it is evident as the Sun-light, that the Desences given in by the Marquess, upon several Acts of Ratifications, Indemnity and Oblivion, past by King and Parliament, as to all these matters, did so fully assoilable him from any colour of Crime, in all that was or could be proven of these particulars, that they could not be reckoned or judged so much as Aggravations, as the Libel it self and the Desences made against the same do plainly testifie.

And lastly, The foresaid Doom and Sentence ought to be reduced, because the same, and all the pretended Grounds and Warrands of it are forg'd, fabricat and feigned, and offered to be improven as such omni modo pro ut de

jure.

Seing then that we have so clear a Title and Interest, and such pregnant and evident Grounds and Reasons for reducing the foresaid Sentence and

Doom of Foresaulture, with all that has ensued thereon, and that the same are farder sortified by the Act Salvo Jure past in that same Session of Parliament.

Herefore we be feech your Grace and Lordships, to grant us Warrand for raising our Reduction and Improbation of the Same, and for citeing the Duke of Gordon and the Earl of Aboyn Donators, and also the Officers of State for his Majesties Interest, with the Clerk Register or his Deput, and the Clerks of Parliament, to produce the foresaid Sentence and Doom, and haill Grounds and Warrands of the same, with all other persons having Interest, personally, or at their Dwelling-houses, and at the Mercat-crosses upon fifteen days warning, as effeirs, to hear and see the foresaid Sentence and Doom of Forefaulture, haill Grounds and Warrands thereof, with all that has followed, or may follow thereupon, reduced, resoinded, cassed, annulled, and made void ex justitia & ab initio ; As also, the Said Marquess his Memory acquit of the Crimes charged, and the Same, with his Blood, Honour, Title, Dignity and Posterity restored, rehabilitat and redintegrat, for the Grounds and Reasons foresaid; as likeways his Heirs & Successors restored and reponed to his Rights and Possessions, as if the foresaid Process of Forefaulture had never been intented, or any Doom or Sentence pronounced thereupon, or else to shew a reasonable cause, and for summonding Witnesses in communi forma as effeirs. And your Grace and Lordships Petitioners shall ever pray.

Bond of Acknowledgement Lewis Marquis of Huntly, to the Marquis

of Argyle

N JE Lewis Marquis of Huntly, &c. considering that Archibald Marquis of Argile our Uncle, has Right by Apprysings and otherways to the Estate and Living of Huntly, viz. the Land and Lordships of Strathbogy, the Lands and Lordship of Enzie, the Lands and Lordship of Badanoch, the Lands of Lochaber and others, which pertained to the late Marquis of Huntly our Father, and to the umquhile first Marquis of Huntly our Goodsir, and that we brook the House and Lands of Strathbogy by Tolleration frae our said Uncle, and also did for his behove possess the House of Boig and Lordship of Enzie and others, which now also we brook by his Tolleration, and now after Compt and Reckoning this day with the said Marquis of Argile our Uncle, we find that the haill Sums, Principals and Annualrents, justly adebted and restand owing to the said Marquiss of Argile, by vertue of the Bonds, Obligations, Infeftments of Relief, Decreets of Apprylings and Infeftments following thereupon, made by, and deduced against our saids umquhile Father and Goodsir, and umquhile George Lord Gordon, and James Viscount of Aboyn our Brethren, or either of them, shown and produced tous, and whereunto the faid Marquis of Argile has Right, extending in all to the Sum of three hundred thirty seven thousand twenty eight Pounds, good and usual Money of Scotland, after defalcation of all the faid Marquis of Argile's Intromissions with the Rents and Duties of all the Lands, Lordships and others, particularly and generally above-written, preceeding this Date: and it being agreeable to E-

quity and Reason, that the said Marquiss of Argyle should have real payment of the foresaid Sum. Therefore we are content, and consents that he Sell and Dispone upon als meikle of the readiest of the Lands, Lordships, and others foresaids, Heretably and Irredeemably, as will satisfie and pay the foresaid Sum, in haill or in part, as he can find Merchants, the samen being sold at the ordinar Rate of the Countrey, where the Lands to be fold lyes at the least for no less than eighteen hundred Merks Scots Mony for each Chalder of Victual, and the like price, for each an hundred Merks of Silver Rent: and to the effect, that till Bargains be gotten made, the faid Marquils of Argile may be ture of the Annualrents of the Sum foresaid. We are content not only, that he retain the possession of the said Lordship of Badenech and Lands in Lochaber, but also that he retain possession of the saids Lands and Lordships of Strathbogy and Enzie, and others foresaids, by appointing Chamberlains for intrometting with the Rents of the foresaids Lordhips of Strathbogy and Enzie, and retain so much thereof, as with the Rent of Badenoch and Lockaber, will make out to him the Annualrent of the faid Sum of three hundred thirty seven thou and twenty eight pounds Mony foresaid yearly, the saids Chamberlains always making payment of the Remanent of the foresaids Rents to us, as having Right to meddle therewith, by our Unele his Tolleration forelaid, but projudice always of the Clause of Selling above-written for payment of the forefaid Sum, as faid is. to the whilk Alienations and Dispositions to be made by the said Marquis of Argyle, in manner, and to the effect foresaid, we bind and obl ge us our Heirs and Successors, to subscribe Consenters, whensoever we shal happen to be required or desired thereto, either by the said Marquis of Argyle him elf, or by the persons obtainers of the saids Dispositions fra him. and we promise, that we shal cause a sufficient number of our responsal Friends become obliged Cautioners with us, that the said Marquis of Argyle shal be keeped in the peaceable Possession of the Lands and others foresaids till he be really satisfied and payed of all the Sums of Mony principal and Annualrents above written, in manner foresaid, and we declare that thir presents shal no ways be hurtful nor prejudicial to the said Marquiss of Argyle anent his Right foresaid, nor anent getting of Relief out of the said Estate of Huntly, whereunto he has Right as faid is, of such other Debts as are owing by our saids umquhile Father and Goodsir, whilks the said Marquis of Argyle has engaged himself to see satisfied: And for the more security, we are content and confents, that thir presents be Insert and Registrat in the Court-Books of Justice, or any other Judicatory within this Nation, to have the strength of a Decreet of the Judges thereof respectively interponed thereto, that Letters and Executorials of Horning on an simple Charge of ten Days warning and others necessary may pass hereupon, and for that effect we constitute

mitten, to hold firm and stable, &c. In witness whereof, we have subscribed thir presents (written by James Campbell) with our hand at Finlarig, the fifth day of July, one thousand six hundred and sifty three years, before thir Witnesses, Lord Charles Gordon our Brother German, Sir John Innes, Sir Robert Innes of Bavenie, George Grant Brother German to the Laird of Grant, Patrick Innes of Mest, and the said James Campbell Writer hereof. Sie subscribitur

HUNTLY.

Charles Gordon Witness, John Innes Witness, Robert Innes Witness, George Grant Witness, Patrick Innes Witness, James Campbell Witness.